# LIGHTING

# HID (High Intensity Discharge) Headlight System

### 1. General

The HID headlight system, which realizes a high level of visibility, is standard equipment on the IS300/IS300 SportCross models, and optional equipment on the IS200.

## 2. Construction and Operation

The HID headlight system consists of metal halide bulbs and a light control ECU. The basic operation and construction are the same as in the previous system.

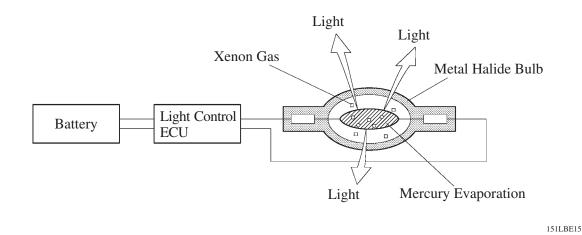
#### Metal Halide Bulb

#### 1) Construction

The metal halide bulb contains xenon gas, mercury, and metal halide.

#### 2) Operation

- When high voltage (approximately 20,000 volts) is applied to the electrodes of the metal halide bulb, the xenon gas in the bulb emits light.
- As the temperature in the bulb rises, the mercury evaporates and causes arcs to be discharged.
- As the temperature in the bulb rises even further, the metal halide in the mercury arc separates into metal atoms and iodine atoms.
- The separated metal atoms discharge light, which causes the bulb to emit light.



#### CAUTION

The replacement of an HID (High Intensity Discharge) must be performed only by a LEXUS dealer. Never touch the glass portion or the electrode portion of the bulb because high voltage that is generated at those areas is very dangerous.

### Light Control ECU

The light control ECU is an electronic control unit which is necessary for illuminating the metal halide bulb. A light control ECU is located under each headlight unit.

This ECU provides the functions listed below.

- Generates the high voltage (approximately 20,000 volts) which is applied to the electrodes of the bulbs to enable the HID headlights to start to illuminate.
- Optimally controls the amperage and voltage in order to quickly provide an optimal amount of light immediately after the bulbs have been turned ON and to enable the bulbs to continue to illuminate in a stable manner.
- A fail-safe function is provided as a countermeasure against the high voltage that is generated in case that a problem occurs in the headlight system.

#### 1) Fail-Safe Function

The light control ECU executes the fail-safe actions listed below in accordance with the item that has been detected.

Item	Outline
Detection of Abnormal	If the voltage that is input to the light control ECU deviates from the operating voltage (9-16 volts), the ECU stops illuminating the headlights, and resumes illuminating the headlights once the voltage reverts to the operating voltage range.
Input Voltage	However, if the input voltage decrease after the headlights have illuminated, the headlights will remain illuminated until the bulbs are extinguished.
Detection of Abnormal	If an abnormal condition (open or short circuit) occurs in the voltage that
Output (Open Circuit	is output by the light control ECU, or if the bulb flashes, the ECU stops
or Short Circuit) or	illuminating the headlights and will maintain this state until the power is
Flashing Bulb	reinstated (by turning the headlight control switch from OFF to ON).
Detection of Bulb Open	If a bulb is not inserted in its socket, the ECU stops generating high voltage until the bulb is inserted correctly and the power is reinstated (by turning the headlight control switch from OFF to ON or turning the ignition switch from OFF to ON).